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ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

OMB Circular A133 Audit Report

Year ended May 31, 2015

(With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon)

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees
Illinois Institute of Technology:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Illinois Institute of Technology (the University), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of May 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Illinois Institute of Technology as of May 31, 2015 and 2014, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 22, 2015 on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois
October 22, 2015

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

May 31, 2015 and 2014

(In thousands of dollars)

Assets		**2015**	**2014**
Cash	$	13,931	17,542
Notes and accounts receivable:			
Grants and contracts, less allowance of $219 in 2015 and $251 in 2014		6,739	7,576
Students:			
Tuition, less allowance of $813 in 2015 and $894 in 2014		10,576	3,589
Notes, less allowance of $712 in 2015 and $716 in 2014		9,883	10,080
Other, less allowance of $715 in 2015 and $838 in 2014		1,623	682
Pledges, net (note 5)		23,482	20,407
Inventories, prepaid expenses, and deferred charges		4,737	5,035
Investments (note 2)		243,584	247,897
Bond proceeds held by trustees		2,722	2,713
Physical properties, less accumulated depreciation (note 7)		266,599	259,358
Beneficial interest in perpetual trusts (note 8)		21,212	21,123
Total assets	$	605,088	596,002
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	$	19,450	16,448
Accrued salaries and wages		14,928	14,495
Deferred revenue		19,926	16,084
Deposits by students and others		1,780	2,234
Accrued postretirement benefit obligation (note 10)		3,488	2,979
Obligation under split-interest agreements		587	864
Notes and bonds payable (note 9)		204,975	209,970
Advances from the U.S. government for student loans		8,117	8,117
Asset retirement obligation		2,473	3,222
Total liabilities		275,724	274,413
Net assets (note 11):			
Unrestricted		74,621	66,405
Temporarily restricted		46,997	48,000
Permanently restricted		207,746	207,184
Total net assets		329,364	321,589
Total liabilities and net assets	$	605,088	596,002

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Consolidated Statement of Activities

Year ended May 31, 2015

(In thousands of dollars)

	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Operating revenue:				
Tuition and fees, net of scholarships of $90,339	$ 154,554	—	—	154,554
Government grants and contracts	53,591	—	—	53,591
Private grants and contracts	9,680	—	—	9,680
Private gifts	9,362	2,694	—	12,056
Endowment spending distribution (note 4)	7,203	—	—	7,203
Endowment net assets released from restrictions (note 4)	4,497	—	—	4,497
Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises	15,428	—	—	15,428
Other sources	19,130	—	—	19,130
Net assets released from restrictions	9	(9)	—	—
Total operating revenue	273,454	2,685	—	276,139
Operating expenses:				
Faculty salaries	62,183	—	—	62,183
Administrative salaries	51,038	—	—	51,038
Part-time salaries	14,137	—	—	14,137
Employee benefits	25,519	—	—	25,519
Operations and maintenance	26,666	—	—	26,666
Supplies and services	43,365	—	—	43,365
Professional fees and advertising	17,289	—	—	17,289
IITRI research	13,135	—	—	13,135
Interest on indebtedness	10,281	—	—	10,281
Depreciation	13,945	—	—	13,945
Total operating expenses	277,558	—	—	277,558
(Decrease) increase in net assets from operating activities	(4,104)	2,685	—	(1,419)
Nonoperating revenue and expenses:				
Private gifts	—	7,143	1,249	8,392
Net asset reclassification	344	260	(604)	—
Net gain on investments (note 2)	5,560	1,799	82	7,441
Net gain on beneficial interest on perpetual trusts	—	—	89	89
Endowment spending distribution (note 4)	(6,740)	(4,960)	—	(11,700)
Net assets released from restrictions	9,444	(9,444)	—	—
Investment income (note 2)	2,951	1,627	—	4,578
Change in asset retirement obligation	1,883	—	—	1,883
Other	(1,122)	(113)	(254)	(1,489)
Increase (decrease) in net assets from nonoperating activities	12,320	(3,688)	562	9,194
Increase (decrease) in net assets	8,216	(1,003)	562	7,775
Net assets at beginning of year	66,405	48,000	207,184	321,589
Net assets at end of year	$ 74,621	46,997	207,746	329,364

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Consolidated Statement of Activities

Year ended May 31, 2014

(In thousands of dollars)

	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Operating revenue:				
Tuition and fees, net of scholarships of $85,970	$ 145,353	—	—	145,353
Government grants and contracts	49,635	—	—	49,635
Private grants and contracts	10,059	—	—	10,059
Private gifts	10,844	779	—	11,623
Endowment spending distribution (note 4)	7,453	—	—	7,453
Endowment net assets released from restrictions (note 4)	3,647	—	—	3,647
Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises	13,392	—	—	13,392
Other sources	20,822	—	—	20,822
Net assets released from restrictions	—	—	—	—
Total operating revenue	261,205	779	—	261,984
Operating expenses:				
Faculty salaries	59,236	—	—	59,236
Administrative salaries	48,492	—	—	48,492
Part-time salaries	13,544	—	—	13,544
Employee benefits	25,234	—	—	25,234
Operations and maintenance	23,604	—	—	23,604
Supplies and services	47,617	—	—	47,617
Professional fees and advertising	13,586	—	—	13,586
IITRI research	11,638	—	—	11,638
Interest on indebtedness	10,677	—	—	10,677
Depreciation	14,199	—	—	14,199
Total operating expenses	267,827	—	—	267,827
(Decrease) increase in net assets from operating activities	(6,622)	779	—	(5,843)
Nonoperating revenue and expenses:				
Private gifts	1,001	417	5,607	7,025
Net gain on investments (note 2)	14,424	6,676	(116)	20,984
Endowment spending distribution (note 4)	(7,453)	(3,647)	—	(11,100)
Investment income (note 2)	2,616	1,829	—	4,445
Net gain on disposal of assets	1,435	—	—	1,435
Change in asset retirement obligation	822	—	—	822
Other	(257)	—	—	(257)
Increase in net assets from nonoperating activities	12,588	5,275	5,491	23,354
Increase in net assets	5,966	6,054	5,491	17,511
Net assets at beginning of year	60,439	41,946	201,693	304,078
Net assets at end of year	$ 66,405	48,000	207,184	321,589

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended May 31, 2015 and 2014

(In thousands of dollars)

		2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Increase in net assets	$	7,775	17,511
Adjustments to reconcile increase (decrease) in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Private gifts restricted for long-term investment		(5,256)	(13,958)
Depreciation		13,945	14,199
(Gain) loss on beneficial interest in perpetual trusts		(89)	175
Net (gain) on disposal of assets		—	(1,435)
Net gain on investments		(7,352)	(21,159)
Accretion on asset retirement obligation		1,883	822
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables: tuition, grants, affiliate, and other		(10,166)	10,271
Inventories, prepaid expenses, and deferred charges		298	(790)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		3,002	(1,053)
Accrued salaries and wages		433	1,384
Deferred revenue		3,842	3,744
Deposits by students and others		(454)	294
Accrued postretirement benefit obligation		509	356
Obligations under split-interest agreements		(277)	27
Asset retirement obligation		(2,632)	(1,271)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		5,461	9,117
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Proceeds from sale of investments		43,791	50,314
Purchase of investments		(32,126)	(59,790)
Change in bond proceeds held by trustees, net		(9)	34
Sale of bond proceeds held by trustees		—	1,450
Purchase of physical properties		(21,186)	(8,999)
Sale of physical properties		—	5,884
Issuance of notes receivable		(1,921)	(4,576)
Payments received on notes receivable		2,118	5,114
Net cash used in investing activities		(9,333)	(10,569)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Private gifts restricted for long-term investment		5,256	13,958
Payments on notes and bonds payable		(4,995)	(16,545)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds payable		—	10,400
Net cash provided by financing activities		261	7,813
Change in cash		(3,611)	6,361
Cash at:			
Beginning of year		17,542	11,181
End of year	$	13,931	17,542
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for interest	$	9,949	10,119

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Reporting Practices

(a) Basis of Presentation

Illinois Institute of Technology (the University) is a private not-for-profit coeducational technical Institution that is dedicated to superior teaching and excellent scholarship. Located in Chicago, Illinois, the University enrolls a diverse student body from across the nation and a number of foreign countries.

IIT India is a private not-for-profit entity headquartered in Bangalore, India. The entity has been created to facilitate IIT's ability to deliver long distance internet-based educational programs to residents of various cities in India.

IIT France is a private not-for-profit entity located in Paris, France. The entity has been created to recruit French and European students to the programs of the University and to welcome visiting students from the University. IIT France was dissolved effective December 16, 2014.

IIT Research Institute (IITRI) is a not-for-profit corporation working for the advancement of knowledge and the beneficial application of science to meet the needs of society. IITRI's articles of incorporation provide that, in addition to its primary purpose, it will support and assist the University, and in the event of dissolution, IITRI's assets would be distributed to the University. Members of the executive committee of the board of trustees of the University are members of the IITRI corporation. Four officers of the University serve ex officio as members of the IITRI Board of Governors. IITRI also prepares separate annual financial statements as of September 30, its fiscal year-end.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are as of May 31, which have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, include the accounts of Illinois Institute of Technology, IIT India, IIT France, and IITRI. All significant intercompany transactions between these entities have been eliminated from the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

(b) Net Asset Categories

The University maintains its accounts in accordance with the principles and practices of fund accounting. Fund accounting is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting purposes in accordance with activities or objectives specified by donors.

For financial statement reporting purposes, however, the University's consolidated financial statements have been prepared to focus on the organization as a whole and to present balances and transactions in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions.

Net assets and related activity are classified and reported as follows:

Unrestricted – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Temporarily Restricted – Net assets that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions that will be met either by actions of the University or the passage of time. Items that affect this net asset category include gifts for which restrictions have not been satisfied and annuity and life income gifts for which the ultimate purpose of the proceeds is not permanently restricted.

Permanently Restricted – Net assets that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions that require them to be maintained permanently by the University. Items that affect this net asset category include gifts and pledges wherein donors stipulate that the corpus be held in perpetuity (primarily gifts for endowment and providing loans to students) and only the income be made available for program operations, and annuity and life income gifts for which the ultimate purpose of the proceeds is permanently restricted.

(c) Operations

Operating results in the consolidated statements of activities reflect all transactions increasing or decreasing unrestricted net assets except those items associated with gifts and income relating to long-term investment, endowment spending and other infrequent gains, losses, revenues, and expenses.

(d) Revenue

Revenue is reported as an increase in unrestricted net assets unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or law. Expiration of temporary restrictions on net assets (i.e., the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled, the stipulated time period has elapsed, and/or amounts have been appropriated by the governing board for expenditures) is reported as reclassifications between applicable classes of net assets.

Private gifts, including pledges, are recognized in the period received. Conditional pledges are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at estimated fair value. Contributions to be received after one year are discounted at an appropriate rate commensurate with the risks involved. Amortization of discount is recorded as additional contribution revenue in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions, if any, on the contributions. An allowance for uncollectible pledges receivable is provided based upon management’s judgment, including such factors as prior collection history, type of contribution, and nature of fund-raising activity.

Contributions received with donor-imposed restrictions that are met in the same year as the gifts are received are reported as revenue of the unrestricted net asset class. Contributions of land, building, and equipment without donor-imposed restrictions concerning the use of such long-lived assets are reported as revenue of the unrestricted net asset class. Contributions of cash or other assets to be used to acquire land, building, and equipment with such donor restrictions are reported as revenue of the temporarily restricted net asset class; the restrictions are considered to be released at the time the long-lived assets are placed in service.

Revenue from University government grant and contract agreements is recognized as it is earned through expenditure in accordance with the agreement.

Tuition and other revenue received prior to the end of one fiscal year, which relates to future periods, are recorded as deferred revenue.

IITRI's research project revenue results from contract research and other services under a variety of contracts, some of which provide for reimbursement of cost plus fees and others, which are fixed-price or time-and-materials type contracts and are reported as grants and contracts revenue on the consolidated statements of activities. IITRI generally recognizes revenue when a contract has been executed, the contract price is fixed or determinable, delivery of the services or product has occurred, and collectability of the contract price is considered probable. Revenue on cost-plus contracts is recognized as costs are incurred and includes a proportionate share of the fees earned. The percentage-of-completion method is used to recognize revenue on fixed contracts based on various performance measures. From time to time, facts develop that require IITRI to revise its estimated total costs or revenues expected. The cumulative effect of revised estimates is recorded in the period in which the facts requiring revisions become known. The full amount of anticipated losses on any type of contract is recognized in the period in which they become known. Under time-and-materials contracts, labor and related costs are reimbursed at negotiated, fixed hourly rates. Revenue on time-and-materials contracts is recognized at contractually billable rates as labor hours and direct expenses are incurred.

Historically, governmental clients have been a major source of revenue for IITRI. For the years ended May 31, 2015 and 2014, these governmental clients accounted for approximately 68% and 59%, respectively, of IITRI's operating revenue of $17,373 and $16,119, respectively. Included in IITRI's grants and contracts revenue for 2015 and 2014 and grants and contracts receivable at May 31, 2015 and 2014 are unbilled receivables in the amounts of approximately $1,318 and $1,566, respectively.

The amount of grants and contracts revenue reflected in the consolidated financial statements is subject to review and adjustment by contracting agencies, principally, the federal government. The amount, if any, of expenses that may be disallowed by the contracting agencies cannot be determined at this time. It is the opinion of management that such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

(e) Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. The fair values of investments in stocks, equity mutual funds, bonds, and fixed-income mutual funds are generally determined based on quoted market prices. Direct investments in real estate included in the investment portfolio are recorded at fair value using the income-capitalization and sale-comparison methodology. Management's estimate of the fair value of private equity, venture capital, and hedged fund investments is determined based on net asset values (NAV) provided by the external investment managers, as a practical expedient in measuring fair value. The valuations for these investments involve estimates, appraisals, assumptions, and methods, which are reviewed by the University.

Cash equivalents, consisting primarily of fixed-income securities and money market accounts with original maturities of three months or less, related to endowment funds are classified as investments. Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses on the sale of investments are calculated on the basis of specific identification of the securities sold. Investment management fees and service charges are netted against investment income for financial reporting purposes.

(f) Notes Receivable

Student notes receivable consist of Perkins loans and University loans. The University establishes valuation allowances for notes receivable based on estimates of future collectability.

(g) Inventory

Inventories are stated at cost, which is determined by the first-in, first-out method for both the University and IITRI.

(h) Physical Properties

The University's and IITRI's fixed assets are recorded at cost of construction or acquisition. The University and IITRI depreciate their land improvements, buildings, and equipment on the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, which range from 3 to 50 years.

Upon sale or retirement of an asset, a gain or loss is recorded based on the net book value at the time of sale or retirement. Minor expenditures for renovations, construction, and replacement of equipment are charged to current operations and are not capitalized.

(i) Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The University and IITRI account for long-lived assets in accordance with the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Section 360 Subtopic 10, *Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets.* FASB ASC Section 360 Subtopic 10 requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets.

(j) Beneficial Interest in Perpetual Trusts

The University has a beneficial interest in certain perpetual trusts that are held by third parties and are reported at fair value. The University recognizes contribution revenue equal to its proportionate share of the fair value of the trust assets upon notification and determination that its right to receive benefits under the agreement is unconditional. Changes in the fair value of the University's interest in the trust assets are reflected as gains or losses in the period they occur.

(k) Split-Interest Agreements

The University's split-interest agreements with donors consist of irrevocable charitable remainder trusts, annuity trusts, and charitable gift annuities for which the University is either the remainder beneficiary or both the trustee and the remainder beneficiary.

Assets held in trust for which the University serves as trustee are included in investments. In addition, the present value of the estimated future payments to be made to the donors and/or other beneficiaries is reported as an obligation under split-interest agreements. The liabilities are adjusted during the term of the agreements for changes in the value of the assets, accretion of the discount, and other changes in the estimates of future benefits.

Assets held in trust for which the University does not serve as trustee are not reported as investments in the consolidated financial statements. However, contribution revenue and a receivable are recognized at the date the trusts are established at the fair value of the trust assets, which represents the estimated present value of the expected future cash flows to be received.

(l) Income Taxes

The University and IITRI have each received a determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) stating that they are exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code except for tax on unrelated business income. It is management's belief that none of its activities have produced material unrelated business income, and that the University has operated in a manner that qualifies it for tax-exempt status.

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require University management to evaluate tax positions taken by the University and IITRI and recognize a tax liability (or asset) if the University and IITRI have taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would not be sustained upon examination by the IRS. Management has analyzed tax positions taken by the University and IITRI and has concluded that as of May 31, 2015 and 2014, there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability (or asset) or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements. The University and IITRI are subject to routine audits by taxing jurisdictions; however, there are currently no audits for any tax periods in progress. The University and IITRI management believes it is no longer subject to income tax examinations for years prior to 2008.

(m) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(n) Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year amounts to conform to the current year presentation.

(o) New Accounting Pronouncement

In May 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2015-07, *Fair Value Measurement – Disclosures for Investments in Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent)* (Subtopic 820-10). This guidance removes the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy all investments for which fair value is measured using net asset value per share practical expedient. This guidance becomes effective for the University for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The University retrospectively adopted the provisions of ASU No. 2015-07 during fiscal year 2015.

(In thousands of dollars)

(2) Investments

Investments consist of the following at May 31:

	2015		2014	
	Cost	Fair value	Cost	Fair value
Cash equivalents	$ 22,024	22,024	34,034	33,938
Stocks	306	520	292	463
Equity mutual funds	120,669	139,561	109,402	134,926
Bonds (IITRI)	5,777	5,777	4,586	4,586
Fixed income mutual funds	49,113	49,252	47,602	49,558
Hedge equity funds	12,171	13,540	12,172	13,133
Private equity and venture capital funds	4,186	4,885	936	5,798
Real estate	12,900	8,025	12,900	5,495
Total investments	$ 227,146	243,584	221,924	247,897

For investment purposes, the University pools substantially all assets of its endowment accounts. Each account owns "units" of the consolidated investment pool. The pooled assets are valued on a monthly basis and a fair value per unit is determined, which is used to calculate the number of units purchased by accounts entering the pool and redeemed by accounts withdrawing from the pool. Income (interest, dividends, and rents) earned by the investment pool is distributed to the individual accounts on the basis of average units owned by each account in the pool during the year. The University relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and interest and dividend income. The objective is to provide a stable source of funds to help and support the ongoing operation and activities of the University. The hedge equity, private equity, and venture capital funds are longer-lived, and include an overall investment strategy designed to enhance return and diversify risk. The real estate asset is held for strategic purposes supporting the educational objectives of the University.

Return on investments consists of the following for the years ended May 31:

	2015	2014
Return on investments:		
Interest and dividends	$ 4,578	4,445
Net realized gain on sale of investments	16,976	10,558
Net unrealized gain on investments	(9,535)	10,426
Net return on investments	$ 12,019	25,429

(Continued)

The return on investments reflects income from investments held by IITRI of $83 and $14 for 2015 and 2014, respectively. The net change on investments reported on the consolidated statements of activities includes the permanently restricted gain on the beneficial interest in perpetual trusts of $89 for 2015 and loss of $175 for 2014.

(3) Fair Value Measurement

FASB ASC Section 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, defines fair value as the price that could be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the University's principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

FASB ASC Section 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

In many cases, a valuation technique used to measure fair value includes inputs from multiple levels of the fair value hierarchy. The lowest level of significant input determines the placement of the entire fair value measurement in the hierarchy. In 2015 and 2014, the University uses the following valuation techniques to measure the financial instruments fair value:

Level 1 consists of financial instruments, such as cash and cash equivalents, bond proceeds, mutual funds, stocks, and money market funds, whose value is based on quoted market prices published by a financial institution or exchange funds, exchange-traded instruments, and listed equities.

Level 3 consists of investments for which there are no active markets. The University has real estate investments and beneficial interests in perpetual trusts as Level 3. The May 31, 2015 and 2014 real estate is valued utilizing the income-capitalization and sale-comparison methodology completed by an independent real estate appraiser. Beneficial interests in perpetual trusts are held by various financial institutions. These values are based on the University's proportionate share of the investments. The fair values of the investments in these trusts are based on quoted market prices published by financial institutions.

The University's interests in alternative investment funds, such as hedged equity mutual funds and private equity and venture capital funds, are generally reported at the NAV, which is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value, unless it is probable that all or a portion of the investment will be sold for an amount different from NAV. As of May 31, 2015 and 2014, the University had no plans to sell investments at amounts different from NAV. The University has $18,425 and $18,931 for 2015 and 2014, respectively, of investments in alternative investment funds, which are reported at fair value. The University has concluded that the NAV reported by the underlying fund approximates the fair value for these investments. These investments are redeemable with the fund at NAV under the original terms of the partnership agreements and/or subscription agreements and operations of the underlying funds. However, it is possible that these redemption rights may be restricted or eliminated by the funds in the future in accordance with the underlying fund agreements. Due to the nature of the investments held by the funds, changes in market conditions and the economic environment may significantly impact the NAV of the funds and, consequently, the fair value of the University's interests in the funds. Furthermore, changes to the liquidity provisions of the funds may significantly impact the fair value of the University's interest in the funds.

Although a secondary market exists for these investments, it is not active and individual transactions are typically not observable. When transactions occur in this limited secondary market, they may occur at discounts to the reported NAV. Therefore, if the redemption rights in the funds were restricted or eliminated and the University were to sell these investments in the secondary market, it is reasonably possible that a buyer in the secondary market may require a discount to the reported NAV, and the discount could be significant. The University has no unfunded commitments relative to the Commonfund and Roundtable private equity and venture capital and hedged equity alternative investments.

Assets Measured on a Recurring Basis

The following tables present information about the University's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of May 31, 2015 and 2014, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized to determine such fair value:

(In thousands of dollars)

	2015 Level 1	2015 Level 2	2015 Level 3	2015 Total	Redemption or liquidation	Days' notice
Investments:						
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 22,024	—	—	22,024	Daily	One
Domestic equities:						
Fixed income	49,252	—	—	49,252	Daily	One
Large cap equity	57,663	—	—	57,663	Daily	One
Tactical opportunities	13,269	—	—	13,269	Daily	One
State street global	1,900	—	—	1,900	Daily	One
Small cap	6,120	—	—	6,120	Daily	One
Total	128,204	—	—	128,204		
Global (ex-U.S.) equities:						
Developed international equity	60,609	—	—	60,609	Daily	One
Hedged equity funds of funds:						
Multiple strategies – total return	—	—	—	9,831	Locked-up (1, 3)	60
Multiple strategies – absolute return	—	—	—	3,709	Locked-up (1, 3)	60
Total measured at net asset value	—	—	—	13,540		
Private equity and venture capital funds:						
Commonfund capital international	—	—	—	739	None (3)	N/A
Commonfund capital venture	—	—	—	1,574	None (3)	N/A
Commonfund capital private equity	—	—	—	1,781	None (3)	N/A
Roundtable	—	—	—	791	None (3)	N/A
Total measured at net asset values	—	—	—	4,885		
Real assets:						
IIT Tower	—	—	8,025	8,025	Illiquid (2)	N/A
Total	—	—	8,025	8,025		
Other securities:						
Fixed income (IITRI)	5,777	—	—	5,777	Daily	One
Domestic equities	520	—	—	520	Daily	One
Total	6,297	—	—	6,297		
Total investments	217,134	—	8,025	243,584		

(Continued)

(In thousands of dollars)

	2015 Level 1	2015 Level 2	2015 Level 3	2015 Total	Redemption or liquidation	Days' notice
Other assets:						
Cash	$ 13,931	—	—	13,931		
Bond proceeds	2,722	—	—	2,722	Daily	One
Perpetual trusts	—	—	21,212	21,212	None	N/A
Total other assets	16,653	—	21,212	37,865		
Total	$ 233,787	—	29,237	281,449		

(1) One year from the initial investment
(2) Real estate property owned by endowment
(3) In accordance with Subtopic 820-10, certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the consolidated statement of financial position.

	2014 Level 1	2014 Level 2	2014 Level 3	2014 Total	Redemption or liquidation	Days' notice
Investments:						
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 34,032	—	—	34,032	Daily	One
Domestic equities:						
Fixed income	49,558	—	—	49,558	Daily	One
Large cap equity	52,571	—	—	52,571	Daily	One
Tactical opportunities	14,427	—	—	14,427	Daily	One
State street global	1,924	—	—	1,924	Daily	One
Small cap	5,488	—	—	5,488	Daily	One
Total	123,968	—	—	123,968		
Global (ex-U.S.) equities:						
Developed international equity	60,516	—	—	60,516	Daily	One
Hedged equity funds of funds:						
Multiple strategies – total return	—	—	—	9,404	Locked-up (1,3)	60
Multiple strategies – absolute return	—	—	—	3,729	Locked-up (1,3)	60
Total measured at net asset value	—	—	—	13,133		

(In thousands of dollars)

	2014					
	Level 1	**Level 2**	**Level 3**	**Total**	**Redemption or liquidation**	**Days' notice**
Private equity and venture capital funds:						
Commonfund capital international	$ —	—	—	1,076	None (3)	N/A
Commonfund capital venture	—	—	—	1,871	None (3)	N/A
Commonfund capital private equity	—	—	—	2,214	None (3)	N/A
Roundtable	—	—	—	637	None (3)	N/A
Total measured at net asset value	—	—	—	5,798		
Real assets:						
IIT Tower	—	—	5,495	5,495	Illiquid (2)	N/A
Total	—	—	5,495	5,495		
Other securities:						
Fixed income (IITRI)	4,492	—	—	4,492	Daily	One
Domestic equities	463	—	—	463	Daily	One
Total	4,955	—	—	4,955		
Total investments	223,471	—	5,495	247,897		
Other assets:						
Cash	17,542	—	—	17,542		
Bond proceeds	2,713	—	—	2,713	Daily	One
Perpetual trusts	—	—	21,123	21,123	None	N/A
Total other assets	20,255	—	21,123	41,378		
Total	$ 243,726	—	26,618	289,275		

(1) One year from the initial investment

(2) Real estate property owned by endowment

(3) In accordance with Subtopic 820-10, certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the consolidated statement of financial position.

(In thousands of dollars)

Aggregate investment liquidity as of May 31, 2015 and 2014 is presented below based on redemption or sale period:

		2015	2014
Investment redemption or sale period:			
Daily	$	217,134	223,471
Subject to rolling lock-ups		13,540	13,133
Illiquid		8,025	5,495
Redemptions not permitted		4,885	5,798
Total	$	243,584	247,897

The tables below present a reconciliation and income statement classification of gains and losses for all assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the years ended May 31, 2015 and 2014:

		Real estate	Beneficial interest in perpetual trusts	Total
Beginning balance, June 1, 2014	$	5,495	21,123	26,618
Net realized and unrealized gains		2,530	89	2,619
Purchases		—	—	—
Distributions		—	—	—
Ending balance, May 31, 2015	$	8,025	21,212	29,237
The amount of total gain for the period included in net return on investments attributable to the change in unrealized gain relating to assets still held at May 31, 2015	$	2,530	89	2,619

(In thousands of dollars)

		Real estate	Beneficial interest in perpetual trusts	Total
Beginning balance, June 1, 2013	$	4,000	21,298	25,298
Net realized and unrealized gains		1,495	(175)	1,320
Purchases		—	—	—
Distributions		—	—	—
Ending balance, May 31, 2014	$	5,495	21,123	26,618
The amount of total gain for the period included in net return on investments attributable to the change in unrealized gain relating to assets still held at May 31, 2014	$	1,495	(175)	1,320

(4) Endowments

The University endowments include both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by the board of trustees to function as endowments. As required by applicable standards, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the board of trustees to function as endowment, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The board of trustees of the University has interpreted the State of Illinois Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gifts as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this determination is not intended to, and shall not, affect the University's authority under UPMIFA to spend any amounts from an endowment fund on a short-term basis even if the market value of the endowment fund is below the original value of the gifts by the donor. As the result of this interpretation, the University classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment; (b) the original value of the subsequent gifts to the permanent endowments; and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time of accumulation is added to the fund.

The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets as there are specific purpose restrictions that have not been met by the University.

(In thousands of dollars)

Endowment net assets consist of the following as of May 31, 2015:

		Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Donor-restricted endowment corpus	$	(11,075)	15,544	176,342	180,811
Donor-restricted endowment pledges		—	—	5,295	5,295
Board-designated funds		54,647	—	—	54,647
Total	$	43,572	15,544	181,637	240,753

Endowment net assets consist of the following as of May 31, 2014:

		Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Donor-restricted endowment corpus	$	(11,331)	17,078	171,536	177,283
Donor-restricted endowment pledges		—	—	8,360	8,360
Board-designated funds		54,340	—	—	54,340
Total	$	43,009	17,078	179,896	239,983

(In thousands of dollars)

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended May 31, 2015 are as follows:

	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Net assets, beginning of year	$ 43,009	17,078	179,896	239,983
Endowment-related investment return:				
Endowment-related investment income, net	2,161	1,627	—	3,788
Endowment-related net realized and unrealized gain	5,489	1,799	—	7,288
Total endowment-related investment return	7,650	3,426	—	11,076
Contributions:				
Additions to endowment	69	—	4,390	4,459
Change in permanently-restricted pledges	—	—	(3,065)	(3,065)
Appropriation	(6,740)	(4,960)	—	(11,700)
Reclassification	(416)	—	416	—
Net assets, end of year	$ 43,572	15,544	181,637	240,753

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended May 31, 2014 are as follows:

	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Net assets, beginning of year	$ 35,390	12,220	174,299	221,909
Endowment-related investment return:				
Endowment-related investment income, net	2,336	1,829	—	4,165
Endowment-related net realized and unrealized gain	12,713	6,676	—	19,389
Total endowment-related investment return	15,049	8,505	—	23,554
Contributions:				
Additions to endowment	23	—	9,273	9,296
Change in permanently-restricted pledges	—	—	(3,676)	(3,676)
Appropriation	(7,453)	(3,647)	—	(11,100)
Net assets, end of year	$ 43,009	17,078	179,896	239,983

(In thousands of dollars)

(a) Funds with Deficiencies

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor gave to the University to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. Deficiencies of this nature that are reported in unrestricted net assets were $11,075 and $11,331 as of May 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. These deficiencies are the result of unfavorable investments returns in prior fiscal years, as well as appropriations deemed prudent, for certain programs, by the board of trustees. Subsequent gains that restore the fair value of such funds to the required level are classified as increases in unrestricted net assets.

(b) Spending Policy and Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

The University has adopted investment policy to provide a stable source of funds to help and support the ongoing operations and activities of the University. Pursuant to this objective, the University seeks to earn a long-term total rate of return sufficient to produce growth of endowment assets, net of spending requirements of 5%, inflation, and investment expenses.

The purpose of the endowment funds is to facilitate donors' desires to make substantial long-term gifts to the community and to develop a new and significant source of revenue for the University. In doing so, the endowment fund will provide a secure, long-term source of funds to: (a) fund special programs; (b) ensure long-term growth; (c) enhance the University's ability to meet changing community needs; and (d) support the administrative expenses of the University as deemed appropriate.

To achieve these goals, the University's spending policy utilizes the total return concept of endowment spending. Under the method adopted by the University, interest, dividends, and rents as well as appreciation on investments held by the investment pool are made available for spending. The University's total endowment fund spending is based upon a target percentage of a subset of investments. The target percentage set by the board of trustees is 5% of the average quarterly endowment balance for the prior 12 quarters. The board of trustees set endowment distribution is $11,700 for fiscal year 2015 and $11,100 for fiscal year 2014. The board of trustees budgeted endowment distribution is $12,600 for fiscal year 2016.

(5) Pledges Receivable

Pledges receivable consist of unconditional promises to give and are summarized as follows at May 31:

		2015	2014
Pledges receivable	$	23,790	20,644
Discount to present value future cash flows		(308)	(237)
Net pledges receivable	$	23,482	20,407

(In thousands of dollars)

The following is a summary showing the expected timing of collection of total gross unconditional pledges receivable outstanding as of May 31, 2015:

Fiscal year(s)		Amount
Less than one year	$	8,517
1 to 5 years		15,273
	$	23,790

(6) Financing Receivables

The University adopted Accounting Standards Updates (ASU) No. 2010-20, *Disclosure about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses* (Topic 310), effective May 31, 2012. This ASU is intended to provide financial statement users with greater transparency about an entity's allowance for credit losses and the credit quality of its financial receivables. This ASU amends existing disclosures and provides additional disclosures about its financing receivables on a disaggregated basis.

The University's financing receivables consist of a revolving loan fund for Federal Perkins Loans for which the University acts as an agent for the federal government and institutional loan funds created by the University to assist students in funding their education. These loans are valued based on the outstanding principal balance, less an allowance for estimated losses. Interest earned on outstanding loan balances is recorded based on the terms of the individual loan agreements and continues to accrue even when past due.

The availability of funds for loans under the Federal Perkins Loan program is dependent on reimbursements to the pool from repayments on outstanding loans. Funds held in the federal loan programs of $8,117 are ultimately refundable to the government and are classified as a liability in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Balances of financing receivables as of May 31, 2015 consist of the following:

		Perkins loans	Institutional loans	Total
Gross balance	$	7,379	3,216	10,595
Allowances		(31)	(681)	(712)
Balance at May 31, 2015	$	7,348	2,535	9,883

(In thousands of dollars)

Balances of financing receivables as of May 31, 2014 consist of the following:

		Perkins loans	Institutional loans	Total
Gross balance	$	7,526	3,270	10,796
Allowances		(41)	(675)	(716)
Balance at May 31, 2014	$	7,485	2,595	10,080

For each class of financing receivables, the following table presents the credit quality indicator as determined by the delinquency status of the loan as of May 31, 2015. The delinquency status is updated monthly by the University's loan servicer.

		Perkins	Institutional	Total
Performing	$	6,797	1,975	8,772
Nonperforming (defaulted)		582	1,241	1,823
Balance at May 31, 2015	$	7,379	3,216	10,595

The delinquency status as of May 31, 2014 is as follows:

		Perkins	Institutional	Total
Performing	$	6,873	2,074	8,947
Nonperforming (defaulted)		653	1,196	1,849
Balance at May 31, 2014	$	7,526	3,270	10,796

The aging of financing receivables as of May 31, 2015 is presented as follows:

Aging		31–60	61–90	91+	Total past due	Total current	Total
Perkins	$	239	12	684	935	6,444	7,379
Institutional		41	27	1,387	1,455	1,761	3,216
Total	$	280	39	2,071	2,390	8,205	10,595

(In thousands of dollars)

The aging of financing receivables as of May 31, 2014 is presented as follows:

Aging		31–60	61–90	91+	Total past due	Total current	Total
Perkins	$	132	245	665	1,042	6,484	7,526
Institutional		85	50	1,354	1,489	1,781	3,270
Total	$	217	295	2,019	2,531	8,265	10,796

Allowances for estimated losses are established based on prior collection experience and observed trends in the rate of default, as well as a consideration of current economic trends and indicators. Loan balances are written off when they are deemed to be ultimately uncollectible. Since student loans under the Perkins loan program can be assigned to the government when no longer collectible, a Perkins loan write-off will reduce the amount refundable to the government.

Changes in allowance for estimated losses on financing receivables as of May 31, 2015 are presented as follows:

Balance at June 1, 2014	$	716
Write-off		(4)
Increase reserve		—
Balance at May 31, 2015	$	712

Changes in allowance for estimated losses on financing receivables as of May 31, 2014 are presented as follows:

Balance at June 1, 2013	$	360
Write-off		(25)
Increase reserve		381
Balance at May 31, 2014	$	716

(In thousands of dollars)

(7) Physical Properties

The University's consolidated physical properties consisted of the following as of May 31:

		2015	2014
Land and land improvements	$	24,165	24,194
Building and building improvements		408,869	393,224
Equipment		93,085	90,359
Construction in progress		7,223	4,603
Total physical properties		533,342	512,380
Less accumulated depreciation		266,743	253,022
Physical properties, net	$	266,599	259,358

(8) Beneficial Interest in Perpetual Trusts

The University is an income beneficiary of certain irrevocable trusts that are held and controlled by independent trustees. The University has no equity interest in the principal of these trusts. At May 31, 2015 and 2014, the share of these trusts from which the University derives income had a combined fair value of $21,212 and $21,123, respectively. These trusts provided unrestricted income of $584 and $849 in fiscal 2015 and 2014 respectively.

(9) Notes and Bonds Payable

Notes and bonds payable consist of the following at May 31:

	Interest rate		2015	2014
University:				
IFA Bonds, Series 2006, payable in varying installments through 2036	5.00% and 6.10%	$	153,660	156,925
IFA Bonds, Series 2009, payable in varying installments through 2034	4.750% to 7.125%		27,915	28,645
IITRI – IFA Series 2014, payable in varying installments through 2034	Variable		9,400	10,400
Short-term line of credit	Various		14,000	14,000
Total notes and bonds payable		$	204,975	209,970

(In thousands of dollars)

The following is a summary of required principal payments on outstanding secured obligations as of May 31, 2015:

Fiscal year ending:		
2016	$	19,595
2017		5,860
2018		6,135
2019		6,430
2020		6,735
2021 and beyond		160,220
Total notes and bonds payable	$	204,975

In March 2006, the University issued $160,000 in fixed rate revenue bonds through the Illinois Finance Authority (IFA) consisting of $153,600 (IFA Series 2006A) and $6,340 (IFA Series 2006B). Proceeds from the bonds were used to advance refund the IEFA Series 1999 Bonds, refund the outstanding IEFA Series 2000 Bonds, refund the outstanding IEFA Series 2004 Bonds, and finance a portion of the costs of the construction, renovation, and equipping of certain of the educational facilities of the University and pay for certain expenses incurred in conjunction with the issuance of the Series 2006A and 2006B Bonds. The fixed rate on the Series 2006A Bonds is 5% with serial bonds maturing from April 2016 through 2036 and term bonds due April 1, 2031 and April 1, 2036. The Series 2006B term bond bears a 6.10% rate maturing April 1, 2015.

In July 2009, the University issued $30,000 in fixed rate revenue bonds through the Illinois Finance Authority (IFA Series 2009). Proceeds from the bonds were used to finance a portion of the costs of the renovation of the educational facilities of the University, establish a debt service reserve fund, and pay certain costs incurred in connection with the bond issue. The fixed rates on the Series 2009 Bonds are 4.75% and 5.25% serial bonds maturing in February 2014 and 6.25%, 6.50%, and 7.125% term bonds maturing in February 1, 2019, 2023, and 2034.

In August 2004, IITRI issued an $18,820 bond issue of adjustable rate demand debt under the tax-exempt authority of the Illinois Finance Authority (IFA Series 2004). The proceeds from the sale were used to renovate and construct lab and office space; establish a debt service reserve fund and pay certain costs incurred in connection with the bond issue. In February 2014, IITRI entered into a bond and loan agreement with the Illinois Finance Authority and North Shore Community Bank. IITRI issued a $10,400 Revenue Refunding Bond (IFA Series 2014) that was sold to North Shore Community Bank and Trust. IITRI used the proceeds and certain other funds to refund and redeem the Series 2004 Bond. Principal payments on the Bond will commence February 1, 2015 in the amount of $520 per year and continue until the bond matures in 2034. The interest rate is variable and reset by North Shore Community Bank on a monthly basis.

The University maintains a line-of-credit agreement that allow borrowings up to $20,000 in 2015 and in 2014. Borrowings under the line of credit will bear interest at the prime commercial rate or adjusted LIBOR with interest being payable on a monthly basis. The borrowing under the line of credit will be payable on demand, but if no demand is made, borrowing shall automatically mature on the interest payable date next

(Continued)

(In thousands of dollars)

following the date the loan is made. The amount outstanding under the agreement was $14,000 as of May 31, 2015 and 2014.

The University and IITRI are subject to certain debt covenants. As of May 31, 2015, management believes those covenants have been met.

The fair value of long-term debt as of May 31, 2015 and 2014 was:

2015		2014	
Fair value	**Carrying value**	**Fair value**	**Carrying value**
$ 194,043	190,975	$ 193,562	195,970

The fair value of long-term debt is determined by quoted prices for comparable borrowings as of May 31, 2015 and 2014, which is considered to be Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. The quoted prices are available but the assets are traded less frequently and thus valuation is accomplished using similar securities, the parameters of which can be directly observed.

(10) Accrued Postretirement Benefit Obligation

The University created a retirement incentive program for tenured faculty in November 2006. As part of the incentive program, certain medical benefits are offered to participants. A reconciliation of the plan's funded status with the accrued benefit cost reported on the consolidated statements of financial position at May 31 is presented below. The accumulated postretirement benefit obligation disclosed below is the actuarial value of future benefits used on employees' service rendered through the measurement date:

	2015	2014
Change in accumulated postretirement benefit obligation at beginning of the period	$ 2,979	2,623
Service cost	33	
Interest cost	116	106
Actuarial gain	440	372
Actuarial benefit payments net contributions	(80)	(122)
Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation at end of the period	$ 3,488	2,979

(In thousands of dollars)

		2015	2014
Change in fair value of plan assets:			
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period	$	—	—
Employer contribution		80	122
Participant contributions		61	82
Total benefit payments		(141)	(204)
Fair value of plan assets at end of the period	$	—	—
Funded status	$	3,488	2,979
Composition of amounts reported in the consolidated statements of financial position consist of:			
Current liabilities	$	161	160
Noncurrent liabilities		3,327	2,819
Accrued postretirement benefit obligation	$	3,488	2,979

In fiscal year 2008, the University adopted FASB ASC Section 715 Subtopic 60, *Defined Benefit Plans – Other Postretirement.* The accumulated charge to unrestricted net assets consists of amounts that have not yet been recognized in net periodic benefit cost at May 31 are as follows:

		2015	2014
Unrecognized actuarial loss	$	1,195	792
Unrecognized prior service costs		2	14

These amounts will be subsequently recognized in future years as components of net periodic pension cost. The estimated amortization of transition obligation, prior service cost, and net losses in the next fiscal year is $0, $12, and $37, respectively.

The components of net periodic postretirement benefit cost for the years ended May 31 are as follows:

		2015	2014
Service cost	$	33	—
Interest cost		116	106
Amortization of prior service cost		12	12
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost	$	161	118

(Continued)

(In thousands of dollars)

(a) Actuarial Assumptions

The weighted average assumptions used in the accounting for the postretirement plan for the years ended May 31 are shown below:

	2015	2014
Discount rate (expense)	4.00%	4.15%
Discount rate (obligation)	4.02	4.00
Healthcare cost trend rates:		
Healthcare cost trend rate assumed for next year	7.60	7.75
Ultimate rate	5.00	5.00
Year that the ultimate rate is reached	2023	2025

Assumed healthcare cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for healthcare plans. A one-percentage point change in assumed healthcare cost trend rates would have the following effects for the fiscal years ended May 31:

		2015	2014
Effect on total service cost and interest cost:			
One-percentage point increase	$	18	12
One-percentage point decrease		(16)	(10)
Effect on year-end postretirement benefit obligation:			
One-percentage point increase	$	412	315
One-percentage point decrease		(352)	(273)

(b) Estimated Future Benefits Payments

The following benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, are expected to be paid for each of the fiscal years ending May 31:

Fiscal year:		
2016	$	161
2017		163
2018		178
2019		191
2020		203
2021–2024		1,102

(In thousands of dollars)

(c) Plan Amendment

Effective August 1, 2007, the plan was amended to eliminate post-65 benefits for all retirees, both current and future. There was also a group of faculty participants who were offered a special option under which the University would reimburse their premiums for post-65 retiree coverage. This special benefit option was only available through May 31, 2008. Participants had to sign up by this date in order to participate.

(11) Net Assets

Certain unrestricted net assets are designated for specific purposes by the board of trustees of the University and are summarized as follows at May 31:

		2015	2014
Endowments			
Board designated	$	54,647	54,340
Donor restricted		(11,075)	(11,331)
Endowments total		43,572	43,009
Undesignated			
Unrestricted for university operations		(43,010)	(47,845)
Loan Fund		5,709	6,102
Net investment in plant		68,350	65,139
Undesignated total		31,049	23,396
Total	$	74,621	66,405

Donor restrictions on temporarily restricted net assets consist of the following at May 31:

		2015	2014
General operations	$	17,117	10,638
Endowment		15,544	17,078
Donor-designated for plant		11,139	17,625
Scholarships		2,287	1,727
Split-interest annuity agreements		910	932
Total	$	46,997	48,000

(Continued)

(In thousands of dollars)

Permanently restricted net assets consist of the following at May 31:

		2015	2014
Endowment	$	176,342	171,536
Endowment pledges		5,295	8,360
Donor-restricted revolving loan funds		3,827	3,827
Split-interest annuity agreements		1,070	2,338
Beneficial interest in perpetual trusts		21,212	21,123
Total	$	207,746	207,184

The amount of outstanding loans from quasi-endowments to unrestricted funds is $4,090 and $4,296 at May 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(12) Employee Benefit Plans

(a) Pension Plan

Substantially all full-time employees of the University and IITRI are participants in defined contribution retirement plans that are funded by contributions from the University, IITRI, and participating employees. Total contributions made under the plans for the years ended May 31, 2015 and 2014 were $7,238 and $6,650 by the University and $358 and $350 by IITRI, respectively.

(b) Healthcare Benefits Plans

The University maintains a healthcare benefits plan (the Plan) that provides for certain major medical, surgical, and other benefits for all eligible employees and dependents. The Plan is partially self-funded by the University, subject to stop-loss arrangements. Under this Plan, the University makes contributions to cover benefits not funded by employees, limited by stop-loss amounts.

IITRI offers a healthcare benefits plan (the Plan) that provides for certain medical and dental expense coverage, including certain vision discounts for all eligible employees and dependents. The Plan is fully insured and underwritten by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Illinois and Dearborn National. Under this Plan, premium contributions are shared by both IITRI and plan participants.

(13) Functional Classification of Expenses

Operating and nonoperating expenses are reported in the consolidated statements of activities by natural business category. The University’s primary program services are instruction and research. Expenses reported as academic support, student services, institutional support, and auxiliary enterprises are incurred in support of these primary program services.

(In thousands of dollars)

Consolidated expenses by functional classification are as follows for the years ended May 31:

		2015	2014
Instruction	$	82,012	76,836
Research and other grant activities		77,129	70,591
Academic support		20,800	21,322
Student services		20,453	19,344
Institutional support		55,734	59,479
Auxiliary enterprises		21,430	20,255
Total	$	277,558	267,827

The university utilized a new basis for allocating interest, operations and maintenance in fiscal year 2015. The fiscal year 2014 functional classifications were restated based on the new allocation basis.

(14) Leases

In December 1999, the University leased its undeveloped property, located at 32nd Street between Michigan Avenue and Indiana Avenue, to Michigan Place LLC for a term of 100 years. The agreement requires Michigan Place LLC to pay the University $815 in total lease payments. The University has received these payments.

In May 2002, the University entered into a 40-year ground lease agreement with IIT State Street, NFP (State Street Corp) to lease property on the University's campus for the purpose of building housing to lease to students, faculty, and staff of the University or employees of other not-for-profit educational institutions in the area. IIT State Street, NFP is a 501(c)(3) corporation that is affiliated with, but not controlled by, the University and, accordingly, is not included in the University's consolidated financial statements.

In December 2003, the University entered into a five-year operating lease with State Street Corp whereby the University committed to lease unoccupied beds at the leased property sufficient to allow State Street Corp to achieve a debt service ratio of 1.0. On August 30, 2006, the operating lease was amended to extend the expiration date to September 30, 2013; thereafter, the operating lease will automatically renew for successive one-year periods. For years ended May 31, 2015 and 2014, it was not necessary for the University to lease unoccupied beds due to State Street Corp achieving a 1.0 debt service ratio.

In January 2006, the University entered into a 55-year ground lease agreement with Townsend Chicago, LLC (Townsend). Townsend purchased from IIT the building known as the Technology Business Center for $2,600 resulting in a gain of approximately $2,400, which is being amortized over the life of the building lease. IIT is leasing approximately 21% of the building back from Townsend for an initial term of 18 years.

In January 2007, the University entered into a five-year space rental lease with 350 LLC, which expired on August 31, 2012. In May 2011, the University extended the lease for an additional five years, so the new expiration date is now August 31, 2017. The lease involves occupying space in the building located at 350 North LaSalle.

(In thousands of dollars)

In March 2010, the University entered into a seven-year agreement to lease additional space of the Technology Business Center, which was effective June 2010. Related to this University's agreement, Townsend and the University agreed to establish a charitable donation to offset the University's expenses attributed to the agreement until May 2013. In June 2013, the University began funding the lease payments with University funds.

In May 2012, the University entered into an agreement with Chicagoland Entrepreneurial Center for space on the twelfth floor of the Merchandise Mart through April 30, 2013. Prior to its expiration, the University elected to exercise its option to extend the agreement through June 30, 2017.

The University also entered into an agreement with Academic Analytics, LLC for the use of a Web-based data portal to access content and tools of the database. The terms of the agreement extend to June 30, 2016.

A schedule of current and future operating lease commitments under these lease obligations are as follows:

Year ending May 31:		
2015	$	2,146
2016		2,137
2017		973
2018		961
2019		985
2020		1,009
Thereafter		5,560
	$	13,771

(15) Contingencies

The University is a defendant in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of its business. Although the outcome of these proceedings cannot presently be determined, in the opinion of management, disposition of these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the University.

(16) Subsequent Events

In connection with the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and in accordance with FASB ASC Section 855, *Subsequent Events*, management evaluated subsequent events after the statement of financial position date of May 31, 2015 through October 22, 2015, which was the date the consolidated financial statements were issued.

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended May 31, 2015

Program title	Award number	CFDA number	Federal expenditures
Major Programs:			
Research and Development Cluster – Direct awards:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Food and Drug Administration:			
Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2011-67017-30016	10.310	$ 97,180
Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2013-67012-20417	10.310	47,858
Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2014-67017-21707	10.310	119,124
Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2015-68003-23310	10.310	1,000
Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	58-8050-5-004	10.310	13,322
			278,484
Department of Defense:			
Basic and Applied Scientific Research	N00014-10-1-0752	12.300	21,184
Basic and Applied Scientific Research	N00014-10-1-0769	12.300	27,045
Basic and Applied Scientific Research	N00014-14-1-0266	12.300	74,631
Basic and Applied Scientific Research	N00014-14-1-0705	12.300	21,679
Military Medical Research and Development	W81XWH-12-1-0394	12.420	324,566
Basic Scientific Research	W911NF-09-1-0378	12.431	68,935
Basic Scientific Research	W911NF-09-2-0071	12.431	(127,737)
Basic Scientific Research	W911NF-10-1-0152	12.431	1,787
Basic Scientific Research	W911NF-11-2-0018	12.431	839,770
Basic Scientific Research	W911NF-14-1-0680	12.431	23,262
Air Force Defense Research Sciences Program	FA9550-11-1-0056	12.800	(12,836)
Air Force Defense Research Sciences Program	FA9550-12-1-0206	12.800	151,690
Air Force Defense Research Sciences Program	FA9550-14-1-0141	12.800	234,338
Department of Defense Programs	W911NF-12-C-0021	12.xxx	6,240
			1,654,554
Central Intelligence Agency:			
Central Intelligence Agency Programs			
Fiscal Year 2013 Intelligence Community (IC) Postdoctoral Research Fellowship Program	2013-13070300007	13.xxx	152,867
			152,867
Department of Transportation:			
Aviation Research Grants	FAA 12-G-013	20.108	188,753
Aviation Research Grants	FAA 12-G-014	20.108	233,401
Aviation Research Grants	FAA 14-G-018	20.108	47,992
			470,146
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:			
Science	NNX15AI16G	43.001	3,650
Cross Agency Support	NNX11AN31H	43.009	63,851
			67,501
National Science Foundation:			
Engineering Grants	CBET-1236576	47.041	58,558
Engineering Grants	CBET-1252924	47.041	70,452
Engineering Grants	CBET-1263994	47.041	66,156
Engineering Grants	CBET-1336442	47.041	55,746
Engineering Grants	CBET-1511925	47.041	1,050
Engineering Grants	CMMI-0847030	47.041	37,519
Engineering Grants	CMMI-0970079	47.041	16,942
Engineering Grants	CMMI-1055805	47.041	45,880
Engineering Grants	CMMI-1100514	47.041	31,880
Engineering Grants	CMMI-1261782	47.041	108,448
Engineering Grants	CMMI-1266284	47.041	55,904
Engineering Grants	CMMI-1331735	47.041	57,632
Engineering Grants	CMMI-1334694	47.041	62,344
Engineering Grants	CMMI-1334998	47.041	89,872
Engineering Grants	CMMI-1435902	47.041	3,327
Engineering Grants	ECCS-1102136	47.041	34,840
Engineering Grants	ECCS-1247944	47.041	21,063
Engineering Grants	ECCS-1307625	47.041	57,391
Engineering Grants	ECCS-1407540	47.041	81,302
Engineering Grants	ECCS-1439967	47.041	33,505
Engineering Grants	EEC-1157041	47.041	67,090
Engineering Grants	EEC-1446008	47.041	6,110
Engineering Grants	IIP-1414021	47.041	71,599
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	AGS-1261369	47.049	46,200
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	AST-1248000	47.049	195,595
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	AST-1343306	47.049	207,235
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMR-0806935	47.049	27,467
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMR-0964812	47.049	(4,987)
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMR-1006953	47.049	50,277
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMR-1307631	47.049	127,760
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMS-1025422	47.049	50,604

Program title	Award number	CFDA number	Federal expenditures
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMS-1115392	47.049	$ 52,396
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMS-1211256	47.049	118,015
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMS-1217277	47.049	34,848
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMS-1360777	47.049	10,000
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	PHY-0969989	47.049	54,989
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	PHY-1205811	47.049	69,401
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	PHY-1314008	47.049	13,986
Geosciences	AGS-1329383	47.050	26,559
Geosciences	AGS-1352602	47.050	45,284
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CCF-0937877	47.070	68,876
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CCF-1422009	47.070	34,771
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CCF-1451574	47.070	15,616
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-0746643	47.070	59,665
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-0832120	47.070	(1,605)
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-1018731	47.070	105,549
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS 1035894	47.070	62,441
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-1053777	47.070	70,660
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-1117687	47.070	119,395
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-1162540	47.070	178,344
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-1219109	47.070	91,941
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-1265351	47.070	84,929
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-1320125	47.070	131,368
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-1320736	47.070	36,191
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-1441384	47.070	48,051
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	IIS-1125412	47.070	247,139
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	IIS-1350337	47.070	58,211
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	IIS-1451230	47.070	24,000
Biological Sciences	IOS-1022058	47.074	39,384
Social, Behavioral, and Economic Sciences	BCS-0953967	47.075	(15,382)
Education and Human Resources	DRL-1157678	47.076	152,354
Education and Human Resources	DUE-1123323	47.076	57,067
Education and Human Resources	DUE-1140772	47.076	118,123
Education and Human Resources	DUE-1439865	47.076	37,245
Office of Cyberinfrastructure	OCI-1054974	47.080	119,320
			4,203,892
Environmental Protection Agency:			
Science To Achieve Results (STAR) Research Program	83575001	66.509	44,897
			44,897
Department of Energy:			
Office of Science Financial Assistance Program	DE-SC0007952	81.049	102,309
Office of Science Financial Assistance Program	DE-SC0008150	81.049	159,009
Office of Science Financial Assistance Program	DE-SC0008347	81.049	315,420
University Coal Research	DE-FE0003997	81.057	(1)
Renewable Energy Research and Development	DE-EE0000461	81.087	396,430
ARRA Renewable Energy Research and Development	DE-FC26-08NT02875	81.087	716,829
Renewable Energy Research and Development	DE-FC26-08NT02875	81.087	77,091
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research (B)	DE-NA0000422	81.113	181,565
Nuclear Energy Research, Development and Demonstration (B)	DE-NE0000516	81.121	83,603
ARRA Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability, Research, Development, and Analysis (B)	DE-OE0000449	81.122	446,045
Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability, Research, Development, and Analysis (B)	DE-OE0000624	81.122	444,096
Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability, Research, Development, and Analysis (B)	DE-OE0000656	81.122	53,882
Advanced Research Projects Agency – Energy	DE-AR0000387	81.135	662,853
Advanced Research Projects Agency – Energy	DE-AR0000497	81.135	76,762
			3,715,893
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Food and Drug Administration – Research	5U01FD003801-05	93.103	2,111,325
Food and Drug Administration – Research	1U19FD005322-01	93.103	2,842,550
Research Related to Deafness and Communication Disorders	1R15DC011650-01	93.173	51,198
Mental Health Research Grants	5P20MH085981-05	93.242	507,615
Occupational Safety and Health Program	1R03OH010699-1	93.262	38,902

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended May 31, 2015

Program title	Award number	CFDA number	Federal expenditures
Discovery and Applied Research for Technological Innovations to Improve Human Health	5R01EB009905-04	93.286	$ (2,434)
Discovery and Applied Research for Technological Innovations to Improve Human Health	5R25EB013121-04	93.286	22,098
Minority Health and Health Disparities Research	5R24MD007925-03	93.307	412,683
Research Infrastructure Programs	1S10OD018090-01	93.351	528,500
Cancer Treatment Research	5R01CA112503-06	93.395	294,604
Cancer Biology Research	5R01CA128114-05	93.396	(3,000)
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	5R01HL091017-05	93.837	(2,255)
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	5R01HL122484-02	93.837	689,360
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	1DP3DK101075-01	93.847	214,184
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	1DP3DK101077-01	93.847	190,220
Extramural Research Programs in the Neurosciences and Neurological Disorders	5R21NS076827-02	93.853	86,076
Allergy Immunology and Transplantation Research	5K22AI104799-02	93.855	86,149
Biomedical Research and Research Training	5P41GM103622-19	93.859	1,110,650
Biomedical Research and Research Training	1R15GM110632-01	93.859	88,504
Biomedical Research and Research Training	1R15GM114758-01	93.859	760
			9,267,689
Department of Homeland Security:			
Department of Homeland Security Programs	HSHQDC-10-C-00173	97.xxx	(25,603)
			(25,603)
Research and Development Cluster – Direct Awards			19,830,320
Research and Development Cluster – Indirect Awards:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Integrated Programs:			
Passed through:			
North Carolina State University	2011-0494-11	10.310	89,666
University of Idaho	BKK290-SB-001	10.310	(4,122)
			85,544
Department of Defense:			
Department of Defense Contracts – passed through:			
AmeriQual Group LLC		12.xxx	19,351
Engility Corporation	12-C-0048-06	12.xxx	28,390
Engility Corporation	13-C-0036-01	12.xxx	53,926
QuNav LLC		12.xxx	29,811
Radiation Monitoring Devices Inc	C14-11	12.xxx	2,064
Securboration Inc		12.xxx	78,303
The Peregrine Falcon Corporation	P35-12177	12.xxx	27,000
University of Illinois	2014-03127-05	12.xxx	63,560
University of Noter Dame		12.xxx	30,702
Basic and Applied Scientific Research - passed through:			
Board of Education of the City of Chicago	14-0514-CPOR-1620	12.300	49,799
Basic Scientific Research – passed through:			
University of Maryland Eastern Shore	2011-20783-001	12.431	17,943
Air Force Defense Research Sciences Program – passed through:			
Princeton University	00002029	12.800	127,249
University of California Los Angeles	0205 G SA599	12.800	34,141
Research and Technology Development – passed through:			
MicroProbes for Life Sciences, Inc		12.910	(1,155)
Northern Illinois University	136084	12.910	(5,166)
University of California – San Diego	45003180	12.910	52,347
			608,265
Department of Justice:			
Department of Justice Research Grant Programs passed through:			
City of Chicago Police Department	2011-IJ-CX-K014	16.xxx	788,297
			788,297
Department of Transportation:			
Department of Transportation and Highway Administration Grants - passed through:			
National Academy of Sciences	NCHRP-157(A)	20.xxx	4,557
Highway Planning and Construction - passed through:			
Illinois Department of Transportation	00SP009	20.205	500
University Transportation Centers Program – passed through:			
Purdue University	4108-47670	20.701	35,804
			40,861
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:			
Science Program – passed through:			
University of Illinois	2010-04000-02	43.001	12,289
National Aeronautics and Space Administration Contracts			
California Institute of Technology	1503336	43.xxx	76,723
			89,012

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended May 31, 2015

Program title	Award number	CFDA number	Federal expenditures
National Science Foundation:			
Mathematical and Physical Sciences – passed through:			
Adler Planetarium	1240-001	47.049	$ 32,152
Social, Behavioral, and Economic Sciences - passed through:			
National Academy of Sciences	2000004245	47.075	40,426
Trans-NSF Recovery Act Research Support – passed through:			
ARRA University of Illinois	2009-04708-03-01DT	47.082	151,165
			223,743
Environmental Protection Agency:			
Great Lakes Program – passed through:			
Chicago Park District		66.469	30,511
Indiana University	BL-4040190-IIT	66.469	227
Indiana University	BL-4339905-IIT	66.469	3,207
Indiana University	IUB-4340133-IIT	66.469	4,216
			38,161
Department of Energy:			
Department of Energy Contracts – passed through:			
Argonne National Laboratory	3J-30001	81.xxx	934,933
Argonne National Laboratory	5J-30001	81.xxx	26,032
Argonne National Laboratory	8J-00021	81.xxx	16,497
Argonne National Laboratory	9J-30241	81.xxx	263,012
Argonne National Laboratory		81.xxx	71,334
Fermi National Laboratory	598243	81.xxx	56,057
Fermi National Laboratory	601208	81.xxx	19,510
Fermi National Laboratory	610196	81.xxx	466,360
Fermi National Laboratory	612289	81.xxx	19,216
Fermi National Laboratory	613063	81.xxx	27,903
Fermi National Laboratory	614267	81.xxx	1,728
Fermi National Laboratory	616683	81.xxx	36,334
Fermi National Laboratory	619277	81.xxx	93,024
Idaho National Laboratory	00152145	81.xxx	168,288
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	B601889	81.xxx	(90)
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	B604352	81.xxx	(3,883)
Los Alamos National Laboratory	269193	81.xxx	40,779
Muons, Inc		81.xxx	8,092
Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	201957	81.xxx	(1,340)
Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	214804	81.xxx	179,642
Proton Energy Systems, Inc	EC-012253	81.xxx	189,038
Conservation Research and Development - passed through:			
University of Wisconsin	576K402	81.086	72,757
Renewable Energy Research and Development – passed through:			
ARKEMA, Inc		81.087	(3,036)
Fuel Cell Energy Inc	57209	81.087	31,461
State Energy Program Special Projects - passed through:			
Illinois Department of Commerce & Economic Opportunity	15-571001	81.119	2,630
Nuclear Energy Research, Development and Demonstration (B) – passed through:			
Idaho National Laboratory	00137567	81.121	129,133
Idaho National Laboratory	00141663	81.121	49,380
Idaho National Laboratory	00146633	81.121	141,205
Idaho National Laboratory		81.121	(2,352)
Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability, Research, Development and Analysis – passed through:			
ARRA/National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC)	NARUC-2013-247-DE0316	81.122	189,200
ARRA/National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC)	NARUC-2014-309-DE0316	81.122	94,478
ARRA/University of North Carolina	20140688-01-IIT	81.122	109,693
			3,427,015
Department of Education:			
National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research – passed through:			
Rehabilitation Institute of Chicago	81764	84.133	11,066
Rehabilitation Institute of Chicago	CL5732	84.133	3,386
			14,452
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Food and Drug Administration Research – passed through:			
National Institute for Pharmaceutical Technology and Education	NIPTE-UO1-IIT-001-2012	93.103	19,201
Mental Health Research Grants - passed through:			
Yale University	M15A11973(A10040)	93.242	10,874
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services:			
Projects of Regional and National Significance (B) – passed through:			
Lake County Health Department	001-060118	93.243	59,376
Discovery and Applied Research for Technological Innovations to Improve Human Health – passed through:			
University of Colorado - Denver	2-5-23047	93.286	97,792
Cancer Detection and Diagnosis Research – passed through:			
Dartmouth College	1438	93.394	33,304

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended May 31, 2015

Program title	Award number	CFDA number	Federal expenditures
Cardiovascular Diseases Research – passed through:			
Loyola University – Chicago	201336	93.837	$ 12,409
Arthritis, Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases Research:			
Duke University	2032516	93.846	50,457
University of Arizona	65113	93.846	912
University of Maryland	Z036001	93.846	40,724
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research passed through:			
Chicago Association for Research Education in Sciences	Griffin-VA 0011	93.847	15,029
University of Chicago	FP000279	93.847	210,351
Extramural Research Programs in the Neurosciences and Neurological Disorders passed through:			
EIC Laboratories, Inc	212027-01	93.853	49,754
Biomedical Research and Research Training – passed through:			
University of Chicago	FP000231	93.859	38,509
University of Utah	10010847	93.859	20,961
			659,653
Department of Homeland Security:			
Centers for Homeland Security:			
University of Minnesota	P001955413	97.061	17,579
Research and Development Cluster – Indirect Awards			5,992,582
Total Research and Development Cluster			25,822,902
Student Financial Assistance Cluster:			
Department of Education:			
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	P007A131173	84.007	(70,000)
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	P007A141173	84.007	511,488
Federal Work-Study Program	P033A131173	84.033	89,622
Federal Work-Study Program	P033A141173	84.033	430,860
Federal Perkins Loan Program		84.038	1,383,202
Federal Pell Grant Program	P063P131349	84.063	5,173
Federal Pell Grant Program	P063P141349	84.063	3,970,345
Federal Direct Loans		84.268	45,977,145
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			52,297,835
Total Major Programs			78,120,737
Nonmajor Programs:			
Direct Awards:			
Small Business Administration:			
Small Business Administration Grants	SBAHQ-10-C-0020	59.xxx	(156)
Small Business Administration Grants	SBAHQ-12-C-0017	59.xxx	370,211
			370,055
Department of Education:			
Rehabilitation Long-Term Training	H129B090074	84.129	56,281
Rehabilitation Long-Term Training	H129B100034	84.129	144,814
Rehabilitation Long-Term Training	H129B140071	84.129	56,704
			257,799
Other – Direct Awards			627,854
Indirect Awards:			
Department of State:			
Environmental and Scientific Partnerships and Programs – passed through:			
American Council on Education	HED084-97SD-LAC-12-01	19.017	400,859
Investing in People in The Middle East and North Africa - passed through:			
Institute of International Education		19.021	10,000
Department of Education:			
Race to the Top - passed through:			
Illinois State Board of Education	2014-4901-4M-65-108-5730-51	84.413	1,197
Small Business Administration:			
Small Business Administration Grants – passed through:			
O-H Community Partners		59.007	8,359
Other – Indirect Awards			420,415
Total Nonmajor Programs			1,048,269
Total Federal Awards			$ 79,169,006

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards and independent auditors' report.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) summarizes the federal awards received by the Illinois Institute of Technology (the University) under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2015. The Schedule excludes expenditures of federal awards of IIT Research Institute, a subsidiary of the University. Expenditures of federal awards for IIT Research Institute will be separately audited in accordance with Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of Institutions of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

For purposes of the Schedule, federal awards include all grants, contracts, and similar agreements entered into directly between the University and agencies and departments of the federal government and all subawards to the University by nonfederal organizations pursuant to federal grants, contracts, and similar agreements. The awards are classified into major program and nonmajor program categories in accordance with the provisions of OMB Circular A133. Such categories are as follows:

Major Programs

Research and Development Cluster – Includes awards for research and development activities at the University sponsored by various agencies of the federal government.

Student Financial Assistance Cluster – Includes certain awards to provide financial assistance to students, primarily under the Federal Pell Grant (Pell), Federal Work Study (FWS), and the Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG) programs of the U.S. Department of Education. Also, the University receives awards to make loans to eligible students under the Federal Perkins Loan Program and the Federal Direct Loan Program (FDL).

Non-major Programs

Other Federal Awards – Includes awards for program activities at the University sponsored by various agencies of the federal government.

Total expenditures in the Schedule do not directly agree to the revenue line items on the University's May 31, 2015 consolidated statement of activities. The federal expenditures are classified in the accompanying consolidated statement of activities as government grants and contracts revenue, totaling approximately $41,763,944. The remaining government grants and contracts consist of approximately $4,134,299 of awards received from states and other sources, with the balance of approximately $17,373,000 related to IIT Research Institute, a consolidated separate legal entity.

(b) Expenditure Recognition

Expenditures are recognized as incurred. Award reporting periods do not necessarily coincide with the fiscal reporting period of the University. The existence of certain credit balances on the Schedule is primarily due to the reclassification of expenditures incurred recorded in the University's prior fiscal reporting period.

(Continued)

(2) Indirect Costs

The University has four-year predetermined fixed indirect cost rates, effective June 1, 2012 through May 31, 2015, which have been negotiated with its cognizant agency, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. The predetermined fixed rates were based on the University's financial information for fiscal year 2013. The base rates for on and off campus and FDA research were 52%, 24%, and 9.5% of modified total direct costs, respectively. Approximately $5,709,464 of indirect costs were reimbursed to the University for the year ended May 31, 2015.

(3) Federal Student Loan Programs

Loans made by the University to eligible students under federal student loan programs and federally guaranteed loans issued to students of the University during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2015 are summarized as follows:

Direct loan programs – Perkins	$	1,383,202
Federal Direct Loans (FDL)		45,977,145
Total federal student loan programs	$	47,360,347

The Perkins program is administered directly by the University and balances and transactions relating to this program are included in the University's consolidated financial statements. The balance of loans outstanding under the Perkins program was $7,378,847 and $7,526,379 at May 31, 2015 and May 31, 2014. The University received an administrative cost allowance of $125,671 under the Perkins program during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2015.

The University is responsible only for the performance of certain administrative duties with respect to the FDL, and accordingly, these loans are not included in its financial statements, and it is not practical to determine the balance of loans outstanding to students and former students of the University under these programs at May 31, 2015.

(4) Summary of Subrecipient Payments

Expenditures made to subrecipients under federal awards for the year ended May 31, 2015 were as follows:

Research and Development Cluster:		
Department of Health and Human Services	$	1,492,784
Department of Defense		409,406
Department of Energy		836,415
National Science Foundation		140,731
Department of Agriculture		141,400
Total research and development cluster		3,020,736
Other:		
Department of State		288,817
Small Business Administration		198,318
Total other		487,135
Total	$	3,507,871

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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Trustees
Illinois Institute of Technology:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Illinois Institute of Technology (the University), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of May 31, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 22, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois
October 22, 2015

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Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*

The Board of Trustees
Illinois Institute of Technology:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Illinois Institute of Technology's (the University) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Example Entity's major federal programs for the year ended May 31, 2015. The University's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The University's consolidated financial statements include the operations of IIT Research Institute (IITRI), which expended $9,856,000 in federal awards, which is not included in the University's schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended May 31, 2015. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of IITRI because those awards are audited separately as of IITRI's fiscal year end.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the University's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the University's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended May 31, 2015.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2015-001 and 2015-002. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The University's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The University's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the University is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the University's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2015-001 and 2015-002, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

KPMG

The University’s responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The University’s responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the University as of and for the year ended May 31, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated October 22, 2015, which contained an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois
February 15, 2016

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended May 31, 2015

(1) Summary of Auditors' Results

(a) The type of opinion issued on the consolidated financial statements: **Unmodified opinion**

(b) Significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed by the audit of the consolidated financial statements: **None reported**

Material weaknesses: **No**

(c) Noncompliance, which is material to the consolidated financial statements: **No**

(d) Significant deficiencies in internal control over major programs: **Yes**

Material weaknesses: **No**

(e) The type of report issued on compliance for major programs: **Unmodified opinions**

(f) Any audit findings, which are required to be reported under Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133: **Yes**

(g) Major programs:

Student Financial Assistance Cluster:

Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program – 84.007

Federal Work Study Program – 84.033

Federal Perkins Loan Program – 84.038

Federal Pell Grant Program – 84.063

Federal Direct Loan Program – 84.268

Research & Development Cluster – various CFDA numbers

(h) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: **$2,605,663**

(i) Auditee qualified as a low risk auditee under Section 530 of OMB Circular A133: **Yes**

(2) Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*: None

(3) Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards:

Finding 2015-01 Verification – Special Test and Provision

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education (USDE)

Program Name: Student Financial Assistance Cluster

CFDA # and Program Expenditures: 84.007/84.033/84.038/84.063/84.268 ($52,297,835)

Award Numbers: P007A131173; P007A141173; P033A131173; P033A141173; P063P131349; P063P141349

Questioned Costs: $10,700 (P063P141349)

Requirement

An institution shall require each applicant whose application is selected by the central processor, based on edits specified by the USDE, to verify the items specified in 34 CFR Section 668.56. The institution shall also require applicants to verify any information used to calculate the expected family contribution (EFC) it has reason to believe is inaccurate.

Additionally, OMB Circular A-110, *Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grant and Agreements with Institutions of Higher Education, Hospitals, and Other Non-Profit Organizations*, requires nonfederal entities receiving federal awards to establish and maintain internal control designed to reasonably ensure compliance with federal laws, regulations, and program compliance requirements. Effective internal control should include ensuring corrections are made as required by federal regulations and supporting documentation is obtained and maintained in the verification file.

Condition Found and Cause

During our testwork over a sample of 25 students (from a total population of 566 students) who were selected for verification by the USDE Central Processor, we noted the following:

- For one student tested (who received student financial aid awards totaling $25,595), we noted the documentation provided by the student to verify the student's earned income was not consistent with the amount reported on the Institutional Student Information Record (ISIR) used to package the student's financial aid award. Specifically, we noted a difference of $2,675 between the supporting documentation provided and the ISIR data. The student's expected family contribution and award packaging amount were not affected by this error.

- For two students tested (who received student financial aid awards totaling $3,606 and $25,397 respectively), we noted the documentation provided by the students to support their parents' earned income was not consistent with the amount reported on the ISIR used to package the student's financial aid award. Specifically, we noted differences of $114 and $2,400 between the supporting documentation provided and the ISIR data. The EFCs for these students were understated by $2 and $225. Additionally, the second student received a Pell grant award for $200 more than the maximum grant award permitted.

- For one student tested (who received student financial aid awards totaling $25,030), we noted the documentation provided by the student to verify various parental income fields was not consistent with the ISIR used to package the student's financial aid award. As a result of this error, the student's expected family contribution was understated by $2,529. Additionally, the student received a Pell grant award for $2,600 more than the maximum grant award permitted (overaward).

- For one student tested (who received student financial aid awards totaling $18,463), we noted the appeal documentation provided by the student to support the parent's dislocated worker status was not consistent with the ISIR used to package the student's financial aid award. As a result of this error, the student's expected family contribution was overstated by $60. Additionally, the student received a Pell grant award for $100 less than the maximum grant award permitted.

As a result of the errors identified in our initial sample, the University performed a review of the verification procedures performed for students selected by the Central Processor. During this review, the University identified 27 additional students with inconsistency between supporting documentation obtained during its verification procedures and the ISIR used to package the student's financial aid award. Upon further review of the award packages for these students, the University identified $5,600 of overawards in Pell grants and $2,200 of underawards in Pell grants.

In discussing these conditions with management, they stated the errors were the result of a misunderstanding of the verification procedures and a lack of adequate supervisory review procedures.

Effect

Failure to properly perform verification procedures and correct ISIR information in accordance with federal regulations may result in students receiving awards for which they are not eligible and an unallowable costs being charged to the federal programs.

Recommendation

We recommend the University review its process to ensure all corrections required as the result of verification procedures are properly reported to USDE in a timely manner and awards are adjusted for changes in the EFC as appropriate. We also recommend additional supervisory review procedures be established and implemented.

View of Responsible Officials

Management agrees with the finding. Student Financial Aid Office will implement new procedures to ensure verification procedures are properly reported to the USDE in a timely manner and awards are adjusted for changes in the EFC.

Finding 2015-002 – Reporting – *Fiscal Operations Report and Application to Participate (FISAP)*

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education (USDE)

Program Name: Student Financial Assistance Cluster

CFDA # and Program Expenditures: 84.007/84.033/84.038/84.063/84.268 ($52,297,835)

Award Numbers: P007A131173; P007A141173; P033A131173; P033A141173; P063P131349; P063P141349

Questioned Costs: None

Requirement

According to 34 CFR 673.3, an institution is required to file an application to participate in the Federal Perkins Loan, Federal Work-Study, and Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants programs, which includes all information required by the USDE.

In addition, OMB Circular A-110, *Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grant and Agreements with Institutions of Higher Education, Hospitals, and Other Non-Profit Organizations*, requires nonfederal entities receiving federal awards establish and maintain internal control designed to reasonably ensure compliance with federal laws, regulations, and program compliance requirements. Effective internal controls should include procedures to ensure amounts reported in the FISAP are adequately supported and properly reviewed.

Condition Found and Cause

The University did not accurately report information submitted on the FISAP.

During our testwork over the 2013-14 FISAP which was submitted during the year ended May 31, 2015, we noted the University did not accurately report information in *Part III Federal Perkins Loan Program*. Specifically we noted that the following amounts were reported in error:

FISAP Line Item	Amount Reported	Actual Amount	Difference
Part 3, Section C, Line 2 Amount Lent to Perkins Borrowers whose loans were assigned to and officially accepted by the U.S. Dept. of Education as of June 30, 2014	$ 211,184	$ 2,069,184	$ 1,858,000
Part 3, Section C, Line 2.1 Amount Lent to Perkins Borrowers whose loans were assigned due to default or liquidation	$ 206,934	$ 2,064,934	$ 1,858,000
Part 3, Section C, Line 3 Principal Amount Outstanding for borrowers not in repayment status	$3,602,695	$3,602,965	$270

In discussing these conditions with management, they stated these errors were a result of human error and were not identified during the performance of supervisory review procedures.

Effect

Reporting inaccurate FISAP information prevents the USDE from effectively monitoring the campus based programs.

Recommendation

We recommend the University review the process and procedures in place to prepare the FISAP and implement additional procedures to ensure the FISAP is accurate.

View of Responsible Officials

Management agrees with the finding. Student Financial Aid Office will implement new procedures to ensure the FISAP report has supporting documentation and is accurate.